

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 03/21/2016 Revision date: 02/18/2020 Supersedes: 01/09/2020 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identific	ation	
1.1. Identification		
Product form	: M	lixture
Product name	: D	iesel Fuel Conditioner
Product code	: 94	4390
	use and restrictions on use	
Use of the substance/mix	ture : D	iesel additive
1.3.SupplierBardahl Pro1400 NW 52nd StreetSeattle, 98107 - USAT 206-783-4851 - F 206-7www.bardahl.comContact:Jackie Leung	784-3219	
1.4. Emergency tele	phone number	
Emergency number	: 80	00-424-9300
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification	
2.1. Classification of	f the substance or mixture	
GHS-US classification		
Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Catego	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Combustible liquid Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. rd, Harmful to aquatic life
Hazardous to the aquatic Hazard, Category 2	environment — Chronic	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
GHS US labelling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS	US) :	\wedge \wedge
Signal word (GHS US)		anger
Hazard statements (GHS	M Si M H	ombustible liquid lay be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. uspected of causing cancer. lay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. armful to aquatic life oxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Ki sr D A V W If G D I C S S S S	o not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. eep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No moking. o not breathe fume, mist, vapours. void release to the environment. /ear eye protection, protective gloves. swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER. iet medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. o NOT induce vomiting. o case of fire: Use BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol resistant foam to extinguish. ollect spillage. tore in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. tore locked up. ispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

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2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2)	(CAS-No.) 68476-34-6	50 - 80	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
2-ethylhexyl nitrate	(CAS-No.) 27247-96-7	10 – 20	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	(CAS-No.) 64742-48-9	1 – 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	(CAS-No.) 104-76-7	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash skin with plenty of water.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	(acute and delayed)
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Risk of lung oedema.
4.3. Immediate medical attention and spec	ial treatment, if necessary
Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures	
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishin	ng media
Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical sector of the sector of	mical
Fire hazard	: Combustible liquid.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Toxic fumes may be released.
5.3. Special protective equipment and pre-	cautions for fire-fighters
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measu	ires
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equi	pment and emergency procedures
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

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	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Avoid release to the environment.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment an	d cleaning up
	Collect spillage.
Methods for cleaning up	Fake up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public vaters.
Other information : I	Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
For further information refer to section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling : I	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
, ,	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including an	y incompatibilities
Storage conditions : S	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal 8.1. Control parameters Diesel Fuel Conditioner	protection
No additional information available	
2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
No additional information available	
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2) (68476-3	4-6)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	Discol factors total
	Diesel fuel as total
ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	100 mg/m ³
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)	
No additional information available	
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (64742-	48-9)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	1200 mg/m ³
ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH TWA (ppm)	184 ppm
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8.2. Appropriate engineering controls	
	Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
	Avoid release to the environment.
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8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal	protective equipment
Hand protection:	
Protective gloves	
Eye protection:	
Safety glasses	
Skin and body protection:	
Wear suitable protective clothing	

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Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Colour	: amber	
Odour	: characteristic	
Odour threshold	: No data available	
рН	: No data available	
Melting point	: Not applicable	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: No data available	
Flash point	: 64.4 °C PMCC typical	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	: No data available	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Relative density	: No data available	
Density	: 0.854 g/cm³ typical	
Solubility	: No data available	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3.2 mm²/s @ 40 C typical	
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available	
Explosive limits	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: No data available	
Oxidising properties	: No data available	

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

Hazardous decomposition products

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10.6.

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Under normal conditions of storage and use	, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological infor	mation	
11.1. Information on toxicological eff	ects	
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified	
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2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	• 0000 molles (Other Det Male (for all Empire states by (or viewer activus))	
LD50 oral rat	> 9600 mg/kg (Other, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, (maximum achievable concentration), Oral (repeated exposure), 14 day(s))	
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h	
ATE US (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	 > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Dermal) 	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	 > 5 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Inhalation) 	
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)	2047 mg/kg had weight /Equivalent or similar to OECD 401. Bat Mala Everymental val	lue
LD50 oral rat	2047 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental val Oral, 14 day(s))	iue,
LD50 dermal rat	> 3000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.89 – 5.3 mg/l air (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (mixture of vapour and aerosol), 7 day(s))	
ATE US (oral)	2047 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h	
ATE US (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heav	/y (64742-48-9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 4.9 g/m³ (4 hr)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified	
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2) (68476-34-6)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3.2 mm²/s @ 40 C typical	
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Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Risk of lung oedema.	
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ECTION 12: Ecological information		
2.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)		
LC50 fish 1	2 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Brachydanio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 12.6 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
ErC50 (algae)	3.22 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)		
LC50 fish 1	17.1 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Leuciscus idus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	39 mg/l (EU Method C.2, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)		
LC50 fish 2	> 100 mg/l (LC50)	
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 100 mg/l (EC50)	
Threshold limit algae 2	> 100 mg/l (EC50)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.	
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2) (68476-34-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable.	
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradability in soil: no data available. Adsorbs into the soil. Low potential for mobility in soil. Photooxidation in the air.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.24 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method)	
Bioaccumulative potential	High potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow > 5).	
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2) (68476-34-6)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.9 – 6	
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.9 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Koc)	3.75 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.	
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2) (68476-34-6)		
Surface tension	0.025 N/m	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the components available.	

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2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)	
Surface tension	47 mN/m (20 °C, 0.81 g/l)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)	
Surface tension	0.026 N/m (20 °C)
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12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	IS
13.1. Disposal methods	
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
Department of Transportation (DOT)	
In accordance with DOT	
Not applicable	
Transportation of Dangerous Goods	
Transport by sea	
Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PETROLEUM DISTILLATES), 9, III, MARINE POLLUTANT
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 3082
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG)	: 9 - Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles
Packing group (IMDG)	: III - substances presenting low danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5L
Marine pollutant	: Yes
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Air transport

5.1. US Federal regulations	
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Diesel Fuel Conditioner	
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory
2-ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory
Petroleum distillates (Diesel fuel no. 2) (68476-34-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol (104-76-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory

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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

EU-Regulations

National regulations No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

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Revision date	: 02/18/2020
NFPA health hazard	: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	: 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
Hazard Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2 Moderate Hazard - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F but below 200 F. (Classes II & IIIA)
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.
Personal protection	: B
	B - Safety glasses, Gloves

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.